LEMON GROVE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2007

LEMON GROVE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AGENCY Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2007

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Lemon Grove Community Development Agency Lemon Grove, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Lemon Grove Community Development Agency (Agency), a component unit of the City of Lemon Grove (City), California, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Agency's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Lemon Grove Community Development Agency as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in the financial position thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the Housing Set-Aside Fund for the fiscal year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2007, on our consideration of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Lemon Grove Community Development Agency has not presented management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements. The accompanying budgetary comparison schedules for the Capital Projects Fund and the Debt Service Fund listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison schedules of the Capital Projects Fund and the Debt Service Fund have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Man, Kenz v skutskim

Moss, Levy & Hartzheim, LLP Beverly Hills, California December 19, 2007

LEMON GROVE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2007

ASSETS

	Governmen Activities	
Cash and investments	\$ 18,760	0,206
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	3,380	0,937
Accounts receivable	-	1,601
Tax increment receivable	43	3,744
Interest receivable	148	8,122
Notes receivable	713	7,491
Deferred charges - net of accumulated amortization	1,75	1,622
Total Assets	24,803	3,723
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	483	3,725
Interest payable		4,760
Long-term debt:		,
Due in one year	415	5,000
Due in more than one year	31,997	7,742
Total Liabilities	33,22	1,227
NET ASSETS		
Restricted for:		
Debt service	4,532	2,381
Low and moderate income housing	6,783	3,383
Total restricted net assets	11,31:	5,764
Unrestricted	(19,733	3,268)
Total Net Assets (Deficit)	\$ (8,41)	7,504)

LEMON GROVE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Expenses		Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Assets		
Governmental Activities					
Expenses:					
Community development	\$	(895,495)	\$	(895,495)	
Pass-through payments		(369,543)		(369,543)	
Interest on long-term debt		(1,008,782)		(1,008,782)	
Total	\$	(2,273,820)		(2,273,820)	
General Revenues:					
Taxes:					
Incremental property taxes				2,735,140	
Use of money and property				487,618	
Other revenue				3,510	
Total General Revenues				3,226,268	
Change in Net Assets				952,448	
Net Assets (Deficit) - Beginning of fiscal year				(9,369,952)	
Net Assets (Deficit) - End of fiscal year			\$	(8,417,504)	

LEMON GROVE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AGENCY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2007

	Housing Set-Aside Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Totals
ASSETS				
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agent	\$ 6,165,234	\$ 11,071,564	\$ 1,523,408 3,380,937	\$ 18,760,206 3,380,937
Accounts receivable Notes receivable	1,601 717,491			1,601 717,491
Tax increment receivable Interest receivable Due from other funds	9,748 58,272	71,703 23,916	33,996 18,147	43,744 148,122 23,916
Total Assets	\$ 6,952,346	\$ 11,167,183	\$ 4,956,488	\$ 23,076,017
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable Due to other funds Deferred revenue	\$ 159,962 9,001 717,491	\$ 239,331	\$ 84,432 14,915	\$ 483,725 23,916 717,491
Total Liabilities	886,454	239,331	99,347	1,225,132
FUND BALANCES Reserved for:				
Debt service Low and moderate income housing Unreserved, undesignated	6,065,892	10,927,852	4,857,141	4,857,141 6,065,892 10,927,852
Total Fund Balances	6,065,892	10,927,852	4,857,141	21,850,885
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 6,952,346	\$ 11,167,183	\$ 4,956,488	\$ 23,076,017

LEMON GROVE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AGENCY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2007

FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

\$ 21,850,885

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because of the following:

LONG-TERM ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The assets and liabilities below are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:

Notes receivable and accrued interest on notes receivable which on the governmental
funds are offset by a corresponding deferred revenue 717,491
Prepaid items - deferred charges 1,751,622
Accrued interest on long-term obligations (324,760)
Bonds payable (28,395,000)
Advances from the City of Lemon Grove (4,017,742)

NET ASSETS (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

(8,417,504)

LEMON GROVE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Housi Set-As Fund	side	Capital Projects Fund		Debt Service Fund	Totals
REVENUES						
Property tax increment revenue Use of money and property Other revenues	19	7,028 9,245 8,510	\$ 183,625	\$	2,188,112 104,748	\$ 2,735,140 487,618 18,510
Total Revenues	76	4,783	183,625		2,292,860	 3,241,268
EXPENDITURES						
Current: Community development Debt service:	99	3,552	429,510		22,433	1,445,495
Principal retirement					769,600	769,600
Interest and other fiscal charges Bond issuance costs					993,603 947,139	993,603 947,139
Pass-through payments					369,543	369,543
Total Expenditures	99	3,552	429,510		3,102,318	 4,525,380
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(22	8,769)	(245,885)		(809,458)	 (1,284,112)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Bond proceeds Advance from the City of Lemon Grove	2,68	8,925	7,904,412		3,236,663 277,300	13,830,000 277,300
Transfers in Transfers (out)	(22	9,721)	140,030		89,691	 229,721 (229,721)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,45	9,204	8,044,442		3,603,654	 14,107,300
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	2,23	0,435	7,798,557		2,794,196	12,823,188
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF FISCAL YEAR	3,83	5,457	3,129,295		2,062,945	 9,027,697
FUND BALANCES, END OF FISCAL YEAR	\$ 6,06	5,892	\$ 10,927,852	<u>\$</u>	4,857,141	 21,850,885

LEMON GROVE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AGENCY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	12,823,188
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:		
Proceeds from debt are recognized as other financing sources. In the government-wide statements, proceeds from debt are reported as increases to liabilities. Amounts recognized in governmental funds as proceeds from debt, net of issue costs.		(12,882,861)
Advances from the City are recognized as other financing sources. In the government-wide statements, advances from the City are reported as increases to liabilities.		(277,300)
Repayment of bond principal and advances payable are expenditures in the governmental funds, but in the Statement of Net Assets, the repayment reduces long-term liabilities.		769,600
Certain notes receivable are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures and then offset by a deferred revenue as they are not available to pay current expenditures.		550,000
Repayment of deferred revenue is a revenue in the governmental funds, but in the Statement of Net Assets, the repayment offset by a corresponding deferred revenue.		(15,000)
The amounts below, included in the Statement of Activities, do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as revenue or expenditures in the		
governmental funds (net change): Deferred charges – amortization		(21,116)
Interest payable		5,937
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	_\$	952,448

LEMON GROVE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL HOUSING SET-ASIDE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget ve (Negative)
REVENUES	 					
Property tax increment revenue	\$ 439,000	\$	515,000	\$ 547,028	\$	32,028
Use of money and property	133,600		152,400	199,245		46,845
Other revenues	 178,600			 18,510		18,510
Total Revenues	 751,200		667,400	 764,783		97,383
EXPENDITURES						
Current:	727,200		722,200	993,552		(271,352)
Community development	 727,200	•	722,200	 773,332		(271,332)
Total Expenditures	 727,200		722,200	 993,552		(271,352)
EXCESS OF REVENUES				/ - >		(1 50 0 60)
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 24,000		(54,800)	 (228,769)		(173,969)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Bond Proceeds	200 (00		(225 200)	2,688,925		2,688,925
Transfers out	 299,600		(235,200)	 (229,721)		5,479
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 299,600		(235,200)	 2,459,204		2,694,404
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	323,600		(290,000)	2,230,435		2,520,435
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF FISCAL YEAR	 3,835,457		3,835,457	3,835,457		
FUND BALANCE, END OF FISCAL YEAR	\$ 4,159,057	\$	3,545,457	\$ 6,065,892	\$	2,520,435

NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Organization and Purpose

The Lemon Grove Community Development Agency (Agency) was created under the provisions of the Redevelopment Law (California Health and Safety Code) to remove blight in the project area. The Redevelopment Project Area Plan was adopted to provide an improved physical, social, and economic environment in the Project Area. The City Council serves as the governing body of the Agency and the City Administrator serves as the Executive Director.

The Agency is authorized to finance the Plan from various sources, including assistance from the City, the state and federal governments, property tax increments, interest income, and the issuance of Agency notes and bonds.

The Agency is an integral part of the City of Lemon Grove and, accordingly, the accompanying component unit financial statements are included as a component of the basic financial statements prepared by the City. A component unit is a separate governmental unit, agency, or nonprofit corporation which, when combined with all other component units, constitutes the reporting entity as defined in the City's basic financial statements.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities include the financial activities of the overall Agency government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Agency's activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Agency's funds. Separate statements for each governmental fund are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major individual funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. The Agency considers all of its funds to be major funds.

C. Major Funds

GASB Statement No. 34 defines major funds and requires that the Agency's major governmental type funds be identified and presented separately in the fund financial statements. Major funds are defined as funds that have assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures equal to or greater than 10% percent of their fund-type total and 5% percent of the grand total. The Agency has determined that all of its funds are major funds.

NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Major Funds (Continued)

The Agency reported the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

Housing Set-Aside Fund – This fund accounts for the portion of City and County tax increment funds received for redevelopment related purposes and set-aside for low and moderate income housing.

Capital Projects Fund – This fund accounts for redevelopment project capital outlays.

Debt Service Fund – This fund accounts for debt service payments on the Agency's long-term debt issues.

D. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Agency considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after the fiscal year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds from long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Agency gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Agency funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. The Agency's policy is to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues.

NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Accounting Policies

Revenue

The Agency's primary source of revenue is property taxes, referred to in the accompanying component unit financial statements as "incremental property taxes". Property taxes allocated to the Agency are computed in the following manner:

- a. The assessed valuation of all property in the Project Area is determined on the date of adoption of the Redevelopment Plan by a designation of a fiscal year assessment roll.
- b. Property taxes related to any incremental increase in assessed values after the adoption of a Redevelopment Plan are allocated to the Agency; all taxes on the "frozen" assessed valuation of the property are allocated to the City and the other districts receiving taxes from the project area.

The Agency has no power to levy and collect taxes and any legislative property tax reduction would lower the amount of tax revenues that would otherwise be available to pay the principal and interest on bonds or loans from the City. Conversely, any increase in the tax rate or assessed valuation or any elimination of present exemptions would increase the amount of tax revenues that would be available to pay principal and interest on bonds or loans from the City.

The Agency is also authorized to finance the Redevelopment Plan from other sources, including assistance from the City, the State and Federal Government, interest income, and the issuance of Agency debt.

Property Taxes

Property taxes in the State of California are administered for all local agencies at the county level, and consist of secured, unsecured, and utility tax rolls. The following is a summary of major policies and practices related to property taxes.

Property Valuations and Tax Levies

The California Community Redevelopment Law provides that assessed valuations of a redevelopment project are, in effect, frozen at the level existing when the redevelopment plan is adopted, and all property taxes produced from this valuation continue to flow to all public agencies levying taxes on property in the project. Taxes produced from any increase in the assessed valuation of a project over the "frozen base" may be allocated to a redevelopment agency to pay or repay costs incurred on behalf of the project. The assessed valuation of a project may be temporarily or permanently reduced below the frozen base as a result of ownership of property by a redevelopment agency pending resale to a developer (temporary), or because a permanent reduction of the assessed valuation will cause a concurrent reduction of the frozen base so that the production of tax increment income from new development will not be impaired.

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property Taxes (Continued)

Tax Levy Dates

All lien dates attach annually on January 1 preceding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. The fiscal year begins July 1 and ends June 30 of the following year. Taxes are levied on both real and unsecured personal property as it exists at that time. Liens against real estate, as well as the tax on personal property, are not relieved by subsequent renewal or change in ownership.

Tax Collections

The county tax collector is responsible for all property tax collections. Taxes and assessments on secured and utility rolls which constitute a lien against the property, may be paid in two installments; the first installment is due on November 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by December 10, the second installment is due on March 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by April 10. Unsecured personal property taxes do not constitute a lien against real property unless the taxes become delinquent. Payment must be made in one installment, which is delinquent if not paid by August 31 of the fiscal year. Significant penalties are imposed by the county for late payments.

F. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

From the effective date of the budget, the amounts stated as proposed expenditures become appropriations to the various Agency departments. The City Council may amend the budget by motion during each fiscal year. The City Manager may transfer funds from one major expenditure category to another within the same department and fund. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.

All appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year to the extent that they have not been expended. Lease contracts entered into by the Agency are subject to annual review by the City Council; hence, they legally are one year contracts with an option for renewal for another fiscal year.

Budget amounts, as adjusted, reported for the governmental funds of the Agency are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debts and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Bond premiums and discounts, and issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds.

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

H. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of certain differences between the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets

The Governmental Funds Balance Sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance-total governmental funds and net assets (deficit) of governmental activities as reported in the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets.

Deferred charges are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are not reported as governmental fund assets. These deferred charges net of accumulated amortization are as follows:

Deferred bond issuance costs, net of amortization of \$188,459 \$\ 1,751,622

Certain liabilities, including bonds payable and interest on advances and bonds, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds. These liabilities are as follows:

1998 Tax allocation refunding bonds	\$ (8,535,000)
2004 Tax allocation bonds	(6,030,000)
2007 Tax allocation bonds	(13,830,000)
Advances from the City of Lemon Grove	(4,017,742)
Accrued interest payable	(324,760)
	\$ (32,737,502)

Notes and interest receivable are offset with deferred revenue in the governmental funds but not in the Statement of Net Assets. This asset is as follows:

Notes receivable and accrued interest on notes receivable \$ 717,491

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances includes the reconciliation between the net changes in fund balances of the total governmental funds and change in net assets of the governmental activities as reported in the Government-wide Statement of Activities. One element of that reconciliation states that "The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets". The details of this adjustment are as follows:

Debt issued or incurred:	
Issuance of tax allocation bonds	\$ 13,830,000
Less discount and cost of issurance	(947,139)
City loans and advances	277,300
Debt principal repayment:	
1998 Tax allocation refunding bonds	(195,000)
2004 Tax allocation bonds	(150,000)
City loans and advances	(424,600)
Amortization of issuance costs	21,116
Change in accrued interest payable	 (5,937)
Total long-term debt adjustment	\$ 12,405,740

NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2007 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 18,760,206
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents	 3,380,937
Total cash and investments	\$ 22,141,143

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2007 consist of the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 6,053
Investments	 22,135,090
Total cash and investments	\$ 22,141,143

A. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the Agency's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the **investment types** that are authorized for the Lemon Grove Community Development Agency (Agency) by the California Government Code (or the Agency's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the Agency's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address **interest rate risk**, **credit risk**, and **concentration of credit risk**. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the Agency, rather than the general provisions of the California government Code or the Agency's investment policy.

	Maximum	Maximum Percentage	Maximum Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
Local Agency Investment Fund (State Pool)	N/A	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	N/A	None	None
U.S. Government Agency Issues	N/A	None	None
Insured Passbook on Demand Deposits with Banks			
and Savings and Loans	N/A	None	\$100,000
Certificates of Deposit	1 year	None	\$100,000
Bankers Acceptances			
Commercial Paper	N/A	None	None
Mutual Funds (must be comprised of eligible			
securities permitted under this policy)	N/A	None	None
Money Market Funds (must be comprised of eligible securities permitted under this			
policy)	N/A	None	None

The investment policy allows for the above investments which have equal safety and liquidity as all other allowed investments. Maturity depends on the cash needs of the Agency.

B. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the Agency's investment policy. The table below identifies the **investment types** that are authorized for investments held by bond trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address **interest rate risk**, **credit risk**, and **concentration of credit risk**.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

B. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements (Continued)

	Maximum	Maximum Percentage	Maximum Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
Local Agency Investment Fund (State Pool)	N/A	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	N/A	None	None
U.S. Government Agency Issues	N/A	None	None
Insured Passbook on Demand Deposits with Ba	nks		
and Savings and Loans	N/A	None	\$100,000
Certificates of Deposit	1 year	None	\$100,000
Bankers Acceptances			
Commercial Paper	N/A	None	None
Mutual Funds (must be comprised of eligible			
securities permitted under this policy)	N/A	None	None
Money Market Funds (must be comprised			
of eligible securities permitted under this			
policy)	N/A	None	None
of eligible securities permitted under this			

The investment policy allows for the above investments which have equal safety and liquidity as all other allowed investments. Maturity depends on the cash needs of the Agency.

C. Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the Agency manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the Agency's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the Agency's investments by maturity:

		Remaining maturity (in Months)						
Investment Type	Totals	12 Months or Less	13 to Mor			5-60 onths		Than 60 onths
State Investment Pool Held by Bond Trustees:	\$ 18,754,153	\$ 18,754,153	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
U.S. Treasury Money Market	3,380,937	3,380,937					_	
•	\$ 22,135,090	\$ 22,135,090	\$	-	\$	-	\$	

D. Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Fluctuations

The Agency has no investments (including investments held by bond trustees) that are highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations (to a greater degree than already indicated in the information provided above).

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

E. Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the Agency's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of fiscal year end for each investment type.

					 Rating as of Fiscal Year End						
Investment Type	Amount	Minimum Legal Rating	F	empt rom closure	AAA		AA		A		Not Rated
State Investment Pool Held by bond trustees:	\$ 18,754,153	N/A	\$	•	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,754,153
U.S. Treasury Money Market	3,380,937	N/A			3,380,937						
Totals	\$ 22,135,090	•	\$		\$ 3,380,937	\$		\$	-	\$	18,754,153

F. Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the Agency contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. The Agency has no investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total Agency investments.

G. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the Agency's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits; The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the government unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure Agency deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

G. Custodial Credit Risk (Continued)

As of June 30, 2007, Agency investments in the following investment types were held by the same broker-dealer (counterparty) that was used by the Agency to buy the securities:

	R	eported
Investment Type		Amount
U.S. Treasury Money Market	\$	3,380,937

Cash balance in banks (\$9,670 as of June 30, 2007) is insured up to \$100,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation. All cash held by the financial institution is fully insured or collateralized.

H. Investment in State Investment Pool

The Agency is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the Agency's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the Agency's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

NOTE 4 – NOTES RECEIVABLE

Notes receivable as of June 30, 2007, totaled \$717,491 and were recorded as follows:

Home Purchase Second Trust Deed Loan Program loans to assist low income residents for housing mortgage and property rehabilitation and construction.	\$ 167,491
Note to Lemon Grove Builders, LLC at 6.25% interest secured by a deed of trust. Due in varying annual installments starting July 20, 2007 and maturing June 20, 2009.	 550,000
Totals	\$ 717,491

NOTE 5 – DEFERRED CHARGES

Deferred charges consist of issuance costs and discounts for debt issues. The total costs deferred as a result of the issuance of the 1998 tax allocation refunding bonds were \$427,963. The amortization period is 364 months. Accumulated amortization as of June 30, 2007 was \$129,330 with amortization expense for the fiscal year of \$14,109. The total costs deferred as a result of the issuance of the 2004 tax allocation bonds were \$564,979. The amortization period is 360 months. Accumulated amortization as of June 30, 2007 was \$56,498 with amortization expense for the fiscal year of \$4,376. The total costs deferred as a result of the issuance of the 2007 tax allocation bonds were \$947,139. The amortization period is 360 months. Accumulated amortization as of June 30, 2007 was \$2,631 with amortization expense for the fiscal year of \$2,631.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions of the Agency for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007:

	J	uly 1, 2006					Jι	me 30, 2007	D	ue Within
		Balance		Additions	Re	eductions		Balance		ne Year
1998 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds	\$	8,730,000	\$	-	\$	195,000	\$	8,535,000	\$	205,000
2004 Tax Allocation Bonds		6,180,000				150,000		6,030,000		210,000
2007 Tax Allocation Bonds				13,830,000				13,830,000		
Advances from the City of Lemon Grove		4,165,042		277,300		424,600		4,017,742		
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$	19,075,042	<u>\$</u>	14,107,300	\$	769,600	\$	32,412,742	\$	415,000

The Agency normally uses long-term Tax Allocation Bonds to finance projects or purchase assets, which will have useful lives equal to or greater than the related debt. The Agency's Bond transactions and balances are summarized below.

A. 1998 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds

In May 1998, the Agency issued \$9,420,000 in Tax Allocation Bonds with interest rates varying from 5.00% to 5.75% to advance refund \$7,895,000 of outstanding Series 1992 Lemon Grove Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds with interest rates ranging from 5.00% to 6.90%. The refunding bonds were also issued to retire Disposition and Developer Agreements with Coral Ford and Land Grant Development Company. The net proceeds (after original issue discount of \$180,805 and underwriter fees and other issue costs of \$198,402) were deposited into an escrow fund. Of the proceeds, \$672,338 was set aside to immediately retire the Disposition and Development Agreements. Pursuant to the escrow agreement, \$8,307,194 was deposited into the Lemon Grove Community Development Agency 1998 Escrow Fund and these bonds were redeemed in full on August 1, 2002. 1998 bonds outstanding at June 30, 2007 were \$8,535,000.

Agency tax increment revenue is pledged for the repayment of these bonds. Interest is payable semi-annually each August 1 and February 1 through 2028.

The scheduled annual minimum debt service requirements at June 30, 2007 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2008	\$ 205,000	\$ 483,020	\$ 688,020
2009	215,000	472,203	687,203
2010	225,000	460,144	685,144
2011	240,000	446,775	686,775
2012	255,000	432,544	687,544
2013-2017	1,500,000	1,920,213	3,420,213
2018-2022	1,990,000	1,421,688	3,411,688
2023-2027	2,630,000	761,300	3,391,300
2028-2029	1,275,000	74,319	1,349,319
Totals	\$ 8,535,000	\$ 6,472,206	\$ 15,007,206

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

B. 2004 Tax Allocation Bonds

On August 1, 2004, the Agency issued \$6,330,000 of Tax Allocation Bonds bearing interest between 2.25% to 5.40% and payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1. The Bonds mature annually at various amounts through August 1, 2034. The bonds are payable from and secured by incremented tax revenues (Pledged Tax Revenues). The Bond proceeds are to be used to finance certain projects with the Agency's project area including low and moderate income housing. Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2007 were \$6,030,000.

The scheduled annual minimum debt service requirements at June 30, 2007 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2008	\$ 210,000	\$ 288,251	\$ 498,251
2009	60,000	284,501	344,501
2010	60,000	282,746	342,746
2011	60,000	280,804	340,804
2012	65,000	278,613	343,613
2013-2017	370,000	1,351,073	1,721,073
2018-2022	460,000	1,260,096	1,720,096
2023-2027	580,000	1,130,778	1,710,778
2028-2032	2,920,000	804,881	3,724,881
2033-2035	1,245,000	88,655	1,333,655
Totals	\$ 6,030,000	\$ 6,050,398	\$ 12,080,398

C. 2007 Tax Allocation Bonds

In June 2007, the Agency issued \$13,830,000 of Tax Allocation Bonds with interest rates varying from 4.00% to 5.00% and payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year. The Bonds mature annually at various amounts through August 1, 2037. The bonds are payable from and secured by incremented tax revenues (Pledged Tax Revenues). The Bond proceeds are to be used to (i) finance redevelopment activities within or for the benefit of the Agency's project area, (ii) finance low and moderate income housing activities within the geographic boundaries of the City of Lemon Grove, (iii) fund an Escrowed Proceeds Fund the monies which, upon evidence of increased tax revenues, will be released to the Agency for additional redevelopment and low and moderate income housing activities and a proportionate increase in the Reserve Account to meet the Reserve Requirement, (iv) fund capitalized interest with respect to the Escrowed Bonds through August 1, 2010, (v) make a deposit to the Reserve Account; and (vi) provide for the costs of issuing the Bonds. Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2007 were \$13,830,000.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

C. 2007 Tax Allocation Bonds (Continued)

The scheduled annual minimum debt service requirements at June 30, 2007 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2008	\$ -	\$ 313,985	\$ 313,985
2009		618,444	618,444
2010	130,000	606,318	736,318
2011	165,000	600,411	765,411
2012	170,000	593,695	763,695
2013-2017	965,000	2,857,488	3,822,488
2018-2022	1,140,000	2,643,981	3,783,981
2023-2027	1,420,000	2,375,398	3,795,398
2028-2032	1,780,000	2,019,660	3,799,660
2033-2037	6,325,000	1,195,537	7,520,537
2038	1,735,000	39,038	1,774,038
Totals	\$ 13,830,000	\$ 13,863,955	\$ 27,693,955

D. Advances from City of Lemon Grove

The advances payable to the City of Lemon Grove have no stated interest rate. Interest expense is computed monthly using the rate currently being paid by the Local Agency Investment Fund. This resulted in an average rate of 5.23 % for the fiscal year resulting in a total interest expense of \$212,210. This loan will be repaid based on a schedule to be agreed upon by the City and the Agency. There is no future minimum debt service requirement as repayment will be made when funds are available.

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Current Interfund Balances

Current interfund balances occur in the normal course of business and are expected to be repaid shortly after the end of the fiscal year. The following presents a summary of current interfund balances at June 30, 2007.

	Other Funds			Other Funds		
Housing Set-Aside Fund Capital Projects Fund	\$	- 23,916	\$	9,001		
Debt Service Fund				14,915		
Total	\$	23,916	\$	23,916		

NOTE 7 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

B. Transfers Between Funds

With Board approval, resources may be transferred from one fund to another. The purpose of the majority of transfers is to reimburse a fund that has made an expenditure on behalf of another fund. Transfers totaled \$229,721 in the fund financial statements.

	T	Transfers Out		
Housing Set-Aside Fund Capital Projects Fund Debt Service Fund	\$	140,030 89,691	\$	229,721
Total	<u>\$</u>	229,721	\$	229,721

These balances have been eliminated in the Government-wide Statement of Assets and Statement of Activities.

NOTE 8 - NET ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES

GASB Statement No. 34 adds the concept of Net Assets, which is measured on the full accrual basis, to the concept of Fund Balance, which is measured on the modified accrual basis.

A. Net Assets

Net Assets are divided into three captions under GASB Statement No. 34. These captions apply only to Net Assets as determined at the Government-wide level, and are described below:

Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt describes the portion of net assets, which is represented by the current net book value of the Agency's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets. As of June 30, 2007, since Agency's debt is more than its net capital assets, net assets are not recorded in this caption.

Restricted describes the portion of Net Assets which is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions which the Agency cannot unilaterally alter. These principally include debt service requirements and redevelopment funds restricted to low and moderate income housing purposes.

Unrestricted describes the portion of Net Assets which is not restricted as to use.

The government-wide statement of net assets reports \$11,315,764 of restricted net assets, none of which were restricted due to enabling legislation.

NOTE 8 - NET ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES (Continued)

B. Fund Balances

Fund balances consist of reserved and unreserved amounts. Reserved fund balances represent that portion of fund balance which is legally segregated for low and moderate income housing projects as required by the California Health and Safety Code or debt service expenditures as required under bond indenture.

NOTE 9 – FINANCIAL CONDITION

The Agency has a deficit in net assets of \$8,417,503 at June 30, 2007. The Agency projects that future resources will be sufficient to pay long-term obligations as they become due.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

LEMON GROVE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Final		Variance with Final Budget			
	Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES						
Use of money and property	\$ 123,500	\$ 183,625	\$ 60,125			
Total Revenues	123,500	183,625	60,125			
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Community development	397,100	429,510	(32,410)			
Total Expenditures	397,100	429,510	(32,410)			
EXCESS OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(273,600)	(245,885)	27,715			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Bond proceeds		7,904,412	7,904,412			
Transfers in	143,800	140,030	(3,770)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	143,800	8,044,442	7,900,642			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(129,800)	7,798,557	7,928,357			
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF FISCAL YEAR	3,129,295	3,129,295				
FUND BALANCE, END OF FISCAL YEAR	\$ 2,999,495	\$ 10,927,852	\$ 7,928,357			

LEMON GROVE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES						
Property tax increment revenue	\$	2,059,900	\$	2,188,112	\$	128,212
Use of money and property		319,700		104,748		(214,952)
Total Revenues		2,379,600		2,292,860		(86,740)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Community development		25,000		22,433		2,567
Debt Service:		= (0, (00)				
Principal retirement		769,600		769,600		.==
Interest and other fiscal charges Bond issuance costs		961,500		993,603		(32,103)
Pass-through payments		334,400		947,139 369,543		(947,139)
Fass-unough payments		334,400		309,343	_	(35,143)
Total Expenditures		2,090,500		3,102,318		(1,011,818)
EXCESS OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		289,100		(809,458)		(1,098,558)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Bond proceeds				3,236,663		3,236,663
Advance from the City of Lemon Grove				277,300		277,300
Transfers in		91,440		89,691		(1,749)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		91,440		3,603,654		3,512,214
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		380,540		2,794,196		2,413,656
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF FISCAL YEAR		2,062,945		2,062,945		
FUND BALANCE, END OF FISCAL YEAR	\$	2,443,485	\$	4,857,141	\$	2,413,656



MOSS, LEVY & HARTZHEIM LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

PARTNERS: RONALD A. LEVY, C.P.A. CRAIG A. HARTZHEIM, C.P.A. HADLEY Y. HUI, C.P.A. CONSULTANT: ROBERT M. MOSS (Retired C.P.A.) 9107 WILSHIRE BLVD., STE 400 BEVERLY HILLS, CA 90210 PHONE: (310) 273-2745 FAX: (310) 273-1689 EMAIL: mlhbh@mlhcpas.com

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Lemon Grove Community Development Agency Lemon Grove, California

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Lemon Grove Community Development Agency (Agency), a component unit of the City of Lemon Grove, California, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, and have issued our report thereon dated December 19, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Agency's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects Agency's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of Agency's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by Agency's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevent or detected by Agency's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Agency's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. Such provisions include those provisions of laws and regulations identified in the *Guidelines for Compliance Audits of California Redevelopment Agencies* issued by the California State Controller. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Agency's Board of Directors, management, the California State Controller's Office Division of Accounting and Reporting, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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Moss, Levy & Hartzheim, LLP Beverly Hills, California December 19, 2007